**European & Latin American Studies**

**Semester 2 Final**

**Study Guide**

**Industrial Revolution to WWI (20%)**

**Key Terms:**

* Nationalism
* Romanticism
* Realism
* Impressionism
* Enfranchisement/enfranchise
* Capitalism
* Communism
* Socialism
* Utopianism
* Proletariat vs Bourgeoisie
* Laissez faire economics
* Urbanization
* Propaganda
* Triple Alliance
* Triple Entente
* Allied Powers
* Central Powers
* Militarism
* Total war
* Treaty of Versailles

**Key Events/People:**

* Industrial Revolution
  + Where did it start? Why there?
  + Major inventions during this period
  + Factory conditions – experience of the working class
  + Child Labor
* Karl Marx vs. Adam Smith
  + What ideology/philosophy did they come up with?
  + Compare and contrast their ideas
* Italian and German nationalism
* WWI poems: The Soldier & Dulce et Decorum Est
  + What ideas/themes of WWI are conveyed in these two poems?
  + Why are these two poems so different in perspective?
* Causes of WWI (M.A.I.N)
  + How did each factor of M.A.I.N push Europe war?
  + How did the assassination of Franz Ferdinand play a role in the causes of WWI?
* WWI technology
  + New/unique military tech of WWI (trenches, chemical gases, etc.)
  + How did it impact the WWI/wars in general
* WWI propaganda
  + What was the message? What was the intentions?
  + How did it encourage conscription? Total war?

**Mexican Revolution (10%)**

**Key Events/People:**

* Mexican Revolution
  + Porfirio Diaz
  + Emiliano Zapata
  + Francisco Madero
  + Pancho Villa
  + Venustiano Carranza
  + Why was the conflict so complicated?
  + What changes did the revolution bring to Mexico?

**WWII (25%)**

**Key Terms:**

* Fascism
* Nazism
* Axis
* Allies
* Tripartite Pact
* Appeasement
* Soviet-Nazi Neutrality Pact
* Nuremberg Laws
* Concentration Camps
* Final Solution

**Key Events/People:**

* Fascism & Nazism (similarities & differences)
  + What factors lead to the rise of fascism in Europe?
  + Who do they hate?
  + Compared to Communism (similarities & differences)
  + Characteristics of fascism
* What factors lead to WW2?
* Mussolini
  + How did he come to power?
  + What was his message to Italians?
  + What was Italy like under Mussolini's rule?
* Hitler
  + How did he come to power?
  + What policies did he put in place once in power?
  + Who did he blame/scapegoat for all of Germany's problems?
* Churchill, FDR, Stalin
  + Who were they? What role did they play in the war?
  + What side of the war were they on?
* The Night of Broken Glass (Kristallnacht)
  + What was this?
* Warsaw Ghettos
  + What happened in these ghettos?
  + What was the purpose of these ghettos?
* Conferences: Tehran, Yalta, Potsdam
  + Purpose?
  + Results?
* Nuremberg Trials
  + What was it?
  + Significance/importance?
* How did the war end?
* What were the consequences of the war?

**Cold War (45%)**

**Key Terms:**

* Autocracy
* Cult of Personality
* Planned Economy
* Intelligentsia
* Tyranny
* Containment
* Domino Theory
* Proxy Wars
* Iron Curtains
* Truman Doctrine
* Marshall Plan
* NATO vs. Warsaw Pact
* Mutually Assured Destruction
* Détente
* Non-Proliferation Treaty (NTP)

**Key Events/People:**

* How did the Cold War start? Who’s involved?
* Why was it called "Cold" War?
* Berlin Wall & Berlin Airlifts
* Hungarian Rebellion in 1956 & Czechoslovakian Crisis in 1968
  + What factors lead to this revolution/rebellion/crisis?
  + What was the result?
* Kitchen Debate
  + Who's involved in this debate?
  + What is the premise of this debate?
  + How does this debate represent Cold War ideas?
* Arms Race
  + What problems did it cause?
  + When did it end?
  + What are the long-term consequences of this race?
* The Troubles (in Ireland)
  + What is the historical context of his conflict?
  + What is this conflict about?
  + How did it end?
* Modern Latin America
  + Bolivarianism & Neo-Bolivarianism

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